

Computer Based Examination System

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Title*

Question Paper Answer Key

OES Exam*

GPSC06202209 / Assistant Professors in Government College in Economics/ Completed / 2022-10-01

Question Description	Stagflation occurs when
A	The price level rises for two consecutive quarters
B	The price level rises and output falls
C	The price level stays the same and output increases
D	The price level stays the same and output decreases
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	B
Marks	1

Question Description	Which of following statements is true?
A	In the Solow growth model with positive population growth rate n , output per worker grows forever at the rate n in the steady state.
B	In both Solow and endogenous growth models, the higher the saving rate, the higher the growth rate of output.
C	In the endogenous growth model, output grows forever.
D	None of the statements a., b., and c. are true.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

Question Description	Which of the following indicates that two goods are complements?
A	A positive income elasticity
B	A horizontal demand curve
C	A negative cross-price elasticity
D	A demand elasticity greater than one
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

Question Description	Which of the following is NOT true?
A	Two types of collusions under oligopoly are tacit, as in price leadership and explicit, as in cartel formation.
B	An assumption made by the kinked demand curve analysis is, if a firm increases the price of its product others will probably ignore this.
C	A situation of a few buyers is called oligopsony.
D	Under oligopoly, equilibrium price is equal to marginal cost.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description	The Keynesian remedy for unemployment is to
A	Decrease aggregate demand.
B	Reduce tax rates or lower interest rates.
C	Increase government spending.
D	Decrease private consumption and investment.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

Question Description	The short-run Phillips curve indicates a
A	direct relation between unemployment and inflation
B	direct relation between price and quantity demanded
C	inverse relation between price and quantity demanded
D	inverse relation between unemployment and inflation
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description	Some economists and third world policy makers criticize MNCs, arguing that they have a negative effect on the developing country because they I. Increase the LDC's technological dependence on foreign sources, resulting in less technological innovation by local workers. II. Hamper local entrepreneurship and investment in infant industries. III. Increase unemployment rates from unsuitable technology. IV. Restrict subsidiary exports when they undercut the market of the parent company.
A	I and II only.
B	III and IV only.
C	I, II and III only.
D	I, II, III and IV.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description	If corn is produced in a perfectly competitive market and the government placed a price ceiling above equilibrium, which of the following would be true?
A	There would be no change in the amount of corn demanded or supplied.
B	There would be a shortage created of corn.
C	There would be a surplus created of corn.
D	The producers of corn would lose revenue due to the decreased price.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	A
Marks	1

Question Description	A saddle point in game theory refers to
A	A point after which no player gets any profits irrespective of his/her strategy
B	A point after which no player gets any losses irrespective of his/her opponent's strategy
C	The solution or outcome of a strictly determined game
D	It is another name for dominant equilibrium
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

Question Description	Rostow's economic stages are
A	The preconditions for takeoff, the takeoff, the drive to maturity, and the age of creative destruction.
B	The traditional society, the preconditions for takeoff, the takeoff, the drive to maturity, and the age of high mass consumption.
C	The preconditions for consumption, the replication, the drive to maturity, and the age of high mass consumption.
D	The learning curve, the age of high mass consumption, post-takeoff, and the drive to maturity.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	B
Marks	1

Question Description	The ultimate effect of the "invisible hand" of Adam Smith is that, in a competitive economy, everyone
A	Benefits if each acts in his/her own interest.
B	Will increase their profits in a free market.
C	Should act to maximize economic growth.
D	Should act to promote the public interest.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	A
Marks	1

Question Description

The table indicates the number of trees that can be planted per hour using different combinations of inputs.

	2 workers	4 workers	6 workers
1 shovel	3 trees	4 trees	5 trees
2 shovels	5 trees	6 trees	7 trees
3 shovels	6 trees	8 trees	9 trees

All of the relevant numbers in the table are consistent with:

A Constant returns to scale

B Increasing marginal returns

C Constant marginal returns

D Economies of scale

E None of the above

Correct Answer A

Marks 1

Question Description	Demand pull inflation results from
A	Demand for government spending on public goods goes down due to lack of financial backup through tax collection.
B	Consumer, business, and government demand for goods and services in excess of an economy's capacity to produce.
C	A shortage of demand for good and services in excess of supply during depression.
D	Demand for public goods is greater than demand for consumer goods.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	B
Marks	1

Question Description	The relationship between the marginal revenue curve and the demand curve for a monopoly is most similar to the relationship between the marginal factor cost curve and what curve for a monopsony?
A	Labor demand
B	Labor supply
C	Marginal external cost
D	Marginal cost
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	B
Marks	1

Question Description	Under financial repression I. Banks engage in non-price rationing of loans. II. Banks face pressure for loans to those with political connections. III. Banks charge a high premium on foreign investments. IV. Banks depend on foreign banks to set interest rates.
A	I and II only.
B	III and IV only.
C	I, II and III only.
D	I, II, III and IV.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	A
Marks	1

Question Description	Identify the order of chronological development of the theory of demand. <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Marshall's theory of demand2. Indifference curves3. Revealed preference theory4. Weak Preference ordering theory of demand. Codes:
A	1, 3, 4, 2
B	4, 2, 1, 3
C	1, 3, 2, 4
D	1, 2, 3, 4
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description	Which of the following best describes substitution rule?
A	If the price of one factor input falls while prices of others do not change, the firms will lose if they do not substitute that factor input with any of the remaining factors.
B	If the price of one factor input falls and the prices of other factor inputs do not change, the firms will profit by substituting the cheaper factor for all other factors.
C	If the price of one factor input rises and the prices of other factor inputs do not change, the firms will profit by substituting the cheaper factors for all other factors.
D	If the prices of all factor inputs rise except one, the firms will profit by substituting all other factor inputs with this factor input.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	B
Marks	1

Question Description	One criticism of Rostow's theory of economic growth is that
A	Much available data contradicts his thesis about the takeoff stage.
B	There is no explanation of why growth occurs after takeoff.
C	His hypothesis of the stages of growth is difficult to test empirically.
D	All of the above are correct.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description	The real exchange rate is
A	The nominal exchange rate adjusted for relative inflation rates at home and abroad.
B	The price of foreign exchange divided by CPI of previous year.
C	The CPI divided by exchange rate of home country.
D	The weighting the nominal exchange rate index of each trading partner.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	A
Marks	1

Question Description

Identify the correct chronological order of the following theories.

1. Cambridge version of quantity theory of money.
2. Fisher's version of quantity theory of money.
3. Tobin's theory of demand for money.
4. Baumol's theory of demand for inventory.

Codes:

A 3, 4, 1, 2

B 2, 1, 4, 3

C 4, 1, 2, 3

D 1, 2, 3, 4

E None of the above

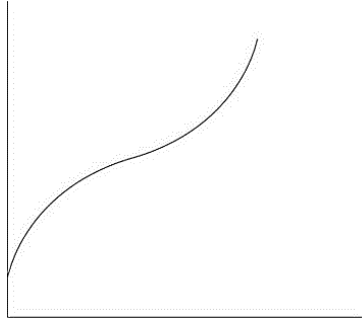
Correct Answer B

Marks 1

Question Description	“Liquidity trap” refers to a situation where
A	There is too much liquidity in the economy
B	The firms in the economy are facing credit crunch
C	Interest rates do not decrease, no matter how much the money supply is expanded
D	The country faces a severe shortage of foreign exchange
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

Question Description

The line in the figure is the most similar to a typical



A Total Cost Curve

B Total Product Curve

C Marginal Product Curve

D Average Product Curve

E None of the above

Correct Answer A

Marks 1

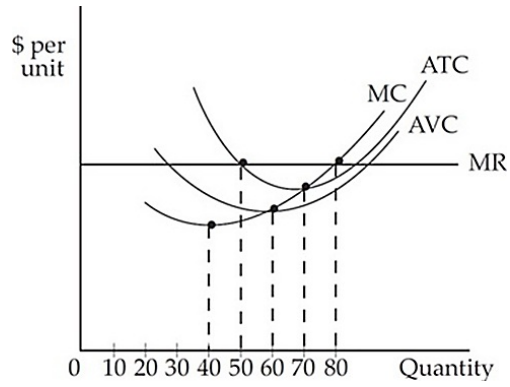
Question Description	A financial planner on a popular TV show convinces more Americans to save for retirement. What is the result on the supply and demand for loanable funds?
A	The supply curve would shift up, increasing the equilibrium interest rate.
B	The demand curve would shift up, increasing the equilibrium interest rate.
C	The supply curve would shift down, decreasing the equilibrium interest rate.
D	The demand curve would shift down, decreasing the equilibrium interest rate.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

Question Description	The Harrod-Domar growth model suggests that growth is
A	Directly related to savings and inversely related to the capital/output ratio.
B	Directly related to the capital/output ratio and inversely related to savings.
C	Indirectly related to savings and the capital/output ratio.
D	Directly related to savings and the capital/output ratio
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	A
Marks	1

Question Description	Which of the following is false in a first degree price discrimination in a monopoly?
A	The monopolist will be able to extract the entire consumers' surplus.
B	The price of each unit will be different.
C	By following first degree price discrimination, the monopolist earns more than what he could otherwise earn at a single price per unit.
D	The price of the first unit will be less than that of the subsequent units.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description

Given the cost and revenue curves in the figure, how many units of output should be produced in order to maximize profit?



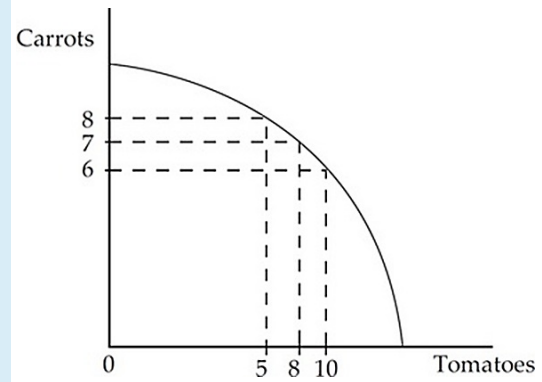
- A 40
- B 50
- C 60
- D 80
- E None of the above

Correct Answer D

Marks 1

Question Description

Based on the PPF in the figure, the opportunity cost of producing the seventh carrot is

**A**

2 tomatoes

B

3 tomatoes

C

5 tomatoes

D

8 tomatoes

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

A

Marks

1

Question Description	The LM function of an economy is estimated to be $Y = 750 - 50i$. The transaction demand for money and speculative demand for money are $0.25Y$ and $150 - 20i$ respectively. If output in the economy is 600 MUC, the velocity of money in the economy is
A	0.40
B	4.00
C	5.00
D	2.50
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description	A consumer consumes three units of a product. Marginal utilities derived from the three units are Rs.200, Rs.175 and Rs.150, respectively. If the price of the good is Rs.100 per unit, the consumer surplus is
A	Rs.50
B	Rs.75
C	Rs.100
D	Rs.225
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description	Which of the following statements is true? I. The nominal exchange rate expresses the relative price of the currency of two countries II. The real exchange rate is equal to the nominal exchange rate plus the rate of inflation. III. The real exchange rate expresses the rate at which the goods of one country trade for the goods of another country.
A	Statements I, II and III are true.
B	Statements I and II are true.
C	Statements I and III are true.
D	Statement I is true
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

Question Description	In a game theory, the 'minimax' strategy refers to
A	Maximizing the pay-offs
B	Minimizing losses
C	Minimizing the maximum pay-off of the opponent
D	Maximizing the minimum pay-off
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

Question Description	According to Lewis's model, the dual economy grows only when
A	The modern sector increases its output share relative to the traditional sector.
B	Agricultural sector uses modern equipment.
C	Agricultural sector hires labor economically.
D	Modern manufacturing sector is labor-intensive.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	A
Marks	1

Question Description	Which of the following can be inferred from the utility maximizing rule?
A	A consumer must try to maximize his utility no matter what the price of the good is.
B	Utility will be maximized when the largest possible amount of a good is consumed.
C	As the price of a good decreases, the utility derived from it will increase.
D	The consumer's money income should be allocated in such a way that the last rupee spent on each product bought yields the same amount of marginal utility.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description	In a perfectly competitive industry there are 100 firms with identical cost functions. The cost function is $C = 10 + 0.1Q^2 + Q$ and the market demand function is $Q_d = 4,000 - 400P$. What is the maximum possible profit earned by the firm?
A	Rs.100.
B	Rs.80.
C	Rs.60.
D	Rs.30.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description	The Lorenz curve shows
A	Patterns of poverty between developed and developing countries.
B	The change in gdp per capita over time.
C	The poorest's income shares fall in the early stages of growth.
D	Income concentration relative to a 45-degree line.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description	In what ways is contractionary fiscal policy in the United States likely to affect domestic interest rates and the international value of the dollar?
A	Interest rates increase and the rupee depreciates.
B	Interest rates decrease and the rupee appreciates.
C	Interest rates increase and the rupee appreciates.
D	Interest rates decrease and the rupee depreciates.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description	Economies of scale refer to
A	The forces which reduce the average cost of producing a good as the firm expands the size of its plant
B	The forces which reduce the marginal cost of producing a good as the firm expands the size of its plant
C	The forces which increase the average cost of producing a good as the firm expands the size of its plant
D	The forces which increase the marginal cost of producing a good as the firm expands the size of its plant
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	A
Marks	1

Question Description	There is relatively more crowding out as the result of expansionary fiscal policy when
A	Expansionary monetary policy accompanies the fiscal policy
B	The investment demand curve is inelastic
C	Government spending improves profit expectations among businesses
D	The investment demand curve is elastic
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description	Which of the following is not correctly matched?
A	Big-push strategy: Paul N. Rosenstein- Rodan
B	Balanced growth theory: R. Nurkse
C	Development with unlimited supplies of labour: A-O. Hirschman
D	Critical minimum strategy: Prof. Harvey Leibenstein
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

Question Description	Hollis Chenery and Alan Strout identify three development stages in which growth proceeds at the highest rate permitted by the most limiting factors. These factors are I. The skill limit. II. The savings gap. III. The fiscal gap. IV. The foreign exchange gap.
A	I and II only.
B	II and IV only.
C	I, II and III only.
D	I, II and IV only.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description

The 'big-push' strategy of development was first advocated by:

A Paul N-Rosenstein-Rodan

B Simon Kuznets

C W.A. Lewis

D A.O.Hirshman

E None of the above

Correct Answer

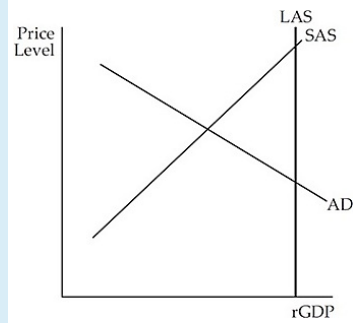
A

Marks

1

Question Description

On the graph of the aggregate supply and demand model above a recessionary gap exists, and the economy is in



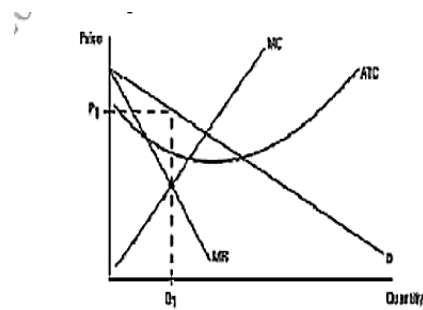
A	Neither short-run nor long-run equilibrium
B	Long-run, but not short-run, equilibrium
C	Short-run equilibrium
D	Both long- and short-run equilibrium
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

Question Description	During stagflation I. An increase in aggregate spending will eliminate the recession. II. A decrease in aggregate spending will reduce inflation. III. Government faces contradictory goals. IV. The central bank decreases money supply to reduce inflation.
A	I and II only.
B	III and IV only.
C	I, II and III only.
D	I, II, III and IV.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description

Suppose the firm in the following diagram operates in a monopolistically competitive market.

In the long run we would expect

**A**

Firms to enter the market, and the firm's demand curve to shift to the left

B

Firms to enter the market, and the firm's demand curve to shift to the right

C

Firms to exit the market, and the firm's demand curve to shift to the left

D

Firms to exit the market and the firm's demand curve to shift to the right

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

A

Marks

1

Question Description	Classical economists believe
A	In the quantity theory of money—that both the velocity and the quantity of goods and services sold per period are fairly stable
B	There is a serious risk of a liquidity trap because the demand curve for money is relatively flat
C	That the government should make every effort to fine-tune the economy
D	That the aggregate supply curve is l-shaped
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	A
Marks	1

Question Description	Suppose there is full employment and a vertical aggregate supply schedule. An increase in the nominal money supply
A	Causes the real money supply to increase, which changes the composition of output
B	Has no effect on the real money supply or the composition of output
C	Causes a proportional increase in real output
D	Reduces the rate of interest and changes the composition of output
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	B
Marks	1

Question Description	Carmen Reinhart and Kenneth Rogoff explain the paradox of capital flows from poor to rich countries by
A	The brain drain from Lower Development Countries to Developing Countries.
B	The prime role of political and credit-market risk in many Developing Countries.
C	The law of increasing returns that implies that the marginal productivity of capital is higher in Lower Development Countries.
D	The fact that the DC capital market is perfectly competitive
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	B
Marks	1

Question Description	The vicious circle theory of economic development states that
A	Growing government assistance create addiction to welfare programs.
B	Low income levels create pressure for money creation.
C	Low income levels create pressure for cheap imports.
D	Low per capita income creates low savings that keep incomes low.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description	Which of the following statements about Marginal Rate of Substitution (MRS) is not true?
A	The MRS is equal to the ratio of marginal utilities of the goods consumed.
B	The MRS is constant for perfectly substitutable goods.
C	The MRS is the rate at which one good can be substituted for the other, while the total utility remains constant.
D	The MRS is generally equal to price ratio of the goods.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description	Curve that illustrates the relationship between the rate of change in prices and the rate of unemployment is known as
A	Lucas supply curve
B	Laffer curve
C	Philips curve
D	Classical aggregate supply curve
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

Comprehension	<p>Read the Passage Below and answer the questions</p> <p>Since the end of the last World War, the Emperor has several times rejected the suggestion that a new palace should be built for him or that his existing quarters should be suitable reconstructed. The Emperor refused to live in a luxurious palace, because millions of his people were rendered homeless during the war, their standard of living had fallen and they were subject to various kinds of hardship. The Emperor and the Empress have, therefore, continued to live in the bomb-shelter. This is hardly the place the Emperor would have chosen to live in, as the floor of the bomb-shelter is wet for most of the time. In the last few years, the economic condition of Japan has improved. The Emperor has, therefore, accepted the advice of his ministers that a palace should be built for him.</p>
Question Description	According to the passage, the Emperor refused to live in a palace because
A	he was the Emperor
B	his country suffered a defeat in the war
C	his people were rendered homeless by war
D	he did not wish to live better when his people were homeless and suffering hardships
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Comprehension	<p>Read the Passage Below and answer the questions</p> <p>Since the end of the last World War, the Emperor has several times rejected the suggestion that a new palace should be built for him or that his existing quarters should be suitable reconstructed. The Emperor refused to live in a luxurious palace, because millions of his people were rendered homeless during the war, their standard of living had fallen and they were subject to various kinds of hardship. The Emperor and the Empress have, therefore, continued to live in the bomb-shelter. This is hardly the place the Emperor would have chosen to live in, as the floor of the bomb-shelter is wet for most of the time. In the last few years, the economic condition of Japan has improved. The Emperor has, therefore, accepted the advice of his ministers that a palace should be built for him.</p>
Question Description	The residence of the Emperor is peethily described in the passage as
A	a luxurious palace
B	hardly the place Emperor would have chosen to live in
C	wet for most of the time
D	a bomb-shelter
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	B
Marks	1

Comprehension	<p>Read the Passage Below and answer the questions</p> <p>Since the end of the last World War, the Emperor has several times rejected the suggestion that a new palace should be built for him or that his existing quarters should be suitable reconstructed. The Emperor refused to live in a luxurious palace, because millions of his people were rendered homeless during the war, their standard of living had fallen and they were subject to various kinds of hardship. The Emperor and the Empress have, therefore, continued to live in the bomb-shelter. This is hardly the place the Emperor would have chosen to live in, as the floor of the bomb-shelter is wet for most of the time. In the last few years, the economic condition of Japan has improved. The Emperor has, therefore, accepted the advice of his ministers that a palace should be built for him.</p>
Question Description	Find a word or phrase from the passage which means “dismiss as unacceptable, inadequate or faulty”
A	refused
B	rejected
C	accepted the advice
D	chosen to live
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	B
Marks	1

Comprehension	<p>Read the Passage Below and answer the questions</p> <p>Since the end of the last World War, the Emperor has several times rejected the suggestion that a new palace should be built for him or that his existing quarters should be suitable reconstructed. The Emperor refused to live in a luxurious palace, because millions of his people were rendered homeless during the war, their standard of living had fallen and they were subject to various kinds of hardship. The Emperor and the Empress have, therefore, continued to live in the bomb-shelter. This is hardly the place the Emperor would have chosen to live in, as the floor of the bomb-shelter is wet for most of the time. In the last few years, the economic condition of Japan has improved. The Emperor has, therefore, accepted the advice of his ministers that a palace should be built for him.</p>
Question Description	Select the option that is closest in meaning to the statement : “The Emperor refused to live in a luxurious palace”
A	The Emperor denied living in a luxurious palace”
B	The Emperor rejected staying in a luxurious palace”
C	The Emperor deprived himself from living in a luxurious palace”
D	The Emperor indicated that he was not willing to live in a luxurious palace”
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Comprehension	<p>Read the Passage Below and answer the questions</p> <p>Since the end of the last World War, the Emperor has several times rejected the suggestion that a new palace should be built for him or that his existing quarters should be suitable reconstructed. The Emperor refused to live in a luxurious palace, because millions of his people were rendered homeless during the war, their standard of living had fallen and they were subject to various kinds of hardship. The Emperor and the Empress have, therefore, continued to live in the bomb-shelter. This is hardly the place the Emperor would have chosen to live in, as the floor of the bomb-shelter is wet for most of the time. In the last few years, the economic condition of Japan has improved. The Emperor has, therefore, accepted the advice of his ministers that a palace should be built for him.</p>
Question Description	The bomb-shelter can be aptly described as the
A	palace of the Emperor at present
B	current residence of the Emperor
C	present royal palace
D	current location of the Emperor
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	B
Marks	1

Question Description	Who are the Star Indian Wrestlers chosen for the World Senior Championships in 2022?
A	Yogeshwar Dutt and VineshPhogat
B	Deepak Punia and Ravi Kumar Dahiya
C	Bajrang Punia and VineshPhogat
D	Ravi Kumar Dahiya and Sakshi Malik
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

Question Description	World Ozone Day is being celebrated on which date?
A	September 13
B	September 17
C	September 16
D	September 11
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

Question Description	Which city has become the new capital of Kazakhstan?
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A	Hungary
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B	Kiev
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C	Nur Sultan
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D	Astana
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E	None of the above
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Correct Answer	D
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Marks	1
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Question Description	India's first and one of the world's largest carbon fibre plants, Reliance Industries is being set up in which state?
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A	Rajasthan
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B	Gujarat
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C	Maharashtra
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D	Uttar Pradesh
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E	None of the above
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Correct Answer	B
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Marks	1
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Question Description	Who was named the Mumbai Indians' first head coach for the IPL 2023 season?
A	Mark Boucher
B	Virender Sehwag
C	Ajit Agarkar
D	Sunil Gavaskar
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	A
Marks	1

Question Description	INS Vikrant, India's first home-built aircraft carrier, has formally commissioned at which place?
A	Naval Dockyard, Vishakapatnam
B	Goa Shipyard Limited
C	Bombay Dockyard
D	Cochin Shipyard Limited
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description	India's first Lithium Cell Manufacturing plant is launched in which state?
A	Arunachal Pradesh
B	Madhya Pradesh
C	Jharkhand
D	Andhra Pradesh
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description	World's largest museum of Harappan culture is going to be set up in which Indian state?
A	Gujarat
B	Rajasthan
C	Uttar Pradesh
D	Haryana
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description	India's first Forest University to be established in which of the following states?
A	Gujarat
B	Rajasthan
C	Telangana
D	Uttar Pradesh
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

Question Description	World Bamboo Day is being observed on which date?
A	September 18
B	September 17
C	September 19
D	September 20
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	A
Marks	1

Question Description	A tank is filled in 5 hours by three pipes A, B and C. The pipe C is twice as fast as B and B is twice as fast as A. How much time will pipe A alone take to fill the tank?
A	20 hours
B	25 hours
C	35 hours
D	Cannot be determined
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

Question Description	The angle of elevation of a ladder leaning against a wall is 60° and the foot of the ladder is 4.6 m away from the wall. The length of the ladder is:
A	2.3 m
B	4.6 m
C	7.8 m
D	9.2 m
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description	At 3:40, the hour hand and the minute hand of a clock form an angle of:
A	120°
B	125°
C	130°
D	135°
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

Question Description	<p>Read the given information carefully and answer the questions given beside:</p> <p>A Car moves 8m from Point A in the north direction to reach Point B. Then it turns and moves for 10m in north-west direction. Then it turns and moves 8m in south direction. Then it turns right and moves for 3m to reach point C, which is in west direction with respect to Point B. Then finally, it turns and moves for 10m in south-west direction to reach Point D, which is west direction with respect to Point A.</p> <p>What is the shortest distance between Point A and Point D?</p>
A	12m
B	15m
C	17m
D	20m
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	B
Marks	1

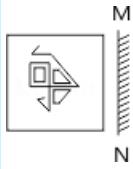
Question Description	<p>Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given beside.</p> <p>Micky is brother in law of Akku, who has two daughters but no son. Rinku is cousin of Quki and brother of Riku. Vicky has two daughters and one son. Unni has only one son and one daughter. Micky is the only sibling of Wiku. Tinu and Sanu are daughters of Xoxo. Donu is also the member of this family. Riku is granddaughter of Akku, who is married to Wiku. Unni and Vicky are sons in law of Wiku.</p> <p>How is Wiku related to Donu?</p>
A	Father
B	Mother
C	Grandfather
D	Can't be determined
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description	A man buys a watch for Rs. 1950 in cash and sells it for Rs. 2200 at a credit of 1 year. If the rate of interest is 10% per annum, the man:
A	gains Rs. 55
B	gains Rs. 50
C	loses Rs. 30
D	gains Rs. 30
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	B
Marks	1

Question Description	Statements: Prime age school-going children in urban India have now become avid as well as more regular viewers of television, even in households without a TV. As a result there has been an alarming decline in the extent of readership of newspapers. Conclusions: I. Method of increasing the readership of newspapers should be devised. II. A team of experts should be sent to other countries to study the impact of TV. on the readership of newspapers.
A	Only conclusion I follows
B	Only conclusion II follows
C	Either I or II follows
D	Neither I nor II follows
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

Question Description

Find correct mirror image



A



B



C



D



E

None of the above

Correct Answer

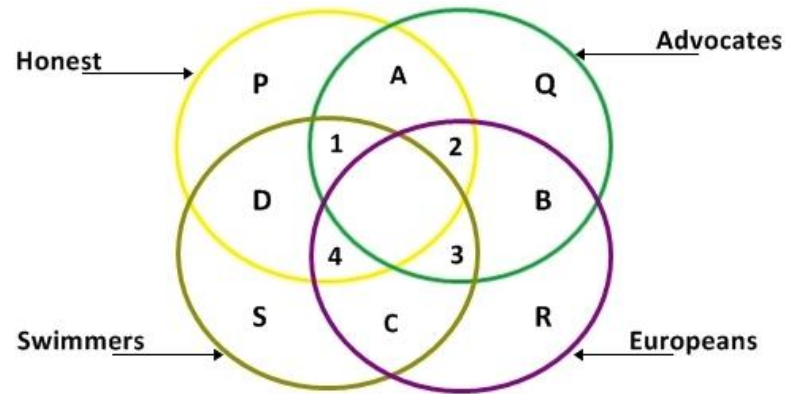
C

Marks

1

Question Description

5. What does the area marked 1 in the figure given below represent?



- A All honest European swimmers
- B All honest advocates who are swimmers
- C All no-European advocates who are honest swimmers
- D All non-Europeans who are honest swimmers
- E None of the above

Correct Answer C

Marks 1

Question Description	On 8th Dec, 2007 Saturday falls. What day of the week was it on 8th Dec, 2006?
A	Sunday
B	Thursday
C	Tuesday
D	Friday
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1