

Computer Based Examination System

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Title *	Question Paper Answer Key
OES Exam *	HINGPSC04202304 / Assistant District Educational Inspectors/ Teacher Grade -I(HINDI)/ Completed / 2023-09-02

1	Question Description	निम्न में से कौन सा छंद प्रकार नहीं है?
	A	दृष्टांत
	B	चौपाई
	C	दोहा
	D	कवित्त
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

2	Question Description	उपमेय और उपमान में जब समानता की बजाय एकरूपता दिखलाई जाती है तब कौनसा अलंकार होता है -
	A	रूपक
	B	उपमा
	C	उत्प्रेक्षा
	D	यमक
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

3	Question Description	‘जंगल में शेर को देखकर रमेश के मन में भय उत्पन्न हुआ’ इस उदाहरण में आलंबन के रूप में क्या है -
	A	जंगल
	B	शेर
	C	रमेश
	D	भय
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	B
	Marks	1

4	Question Description	जॉर्ज ग्रियर्सन कृत साहित्य का इतिहास का नाम है -
	A	इस्तवार द ला लितरेत्यूर ऐन्दुई ऐ ऐन्दुस्तानी
	B	द मॉडर्न वर्नाक्यूलर लिट्रेचर ऑफ हिन्दुस्तान
	C	ए हिस्ट्री ऑफ हिन्दी लिट्रेचर
	D	ए स्केच ऑफ हिन्दी लिट्रेचर
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	B
	Marks	1

5	Question Description	रासो कवि वीरत्व के स्वर के लिए कौनसी भाषा उपयुक्त मानते थे -
	A	डिगल
	B	पिगल
	C	अवधि
	D	संधा
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

6	Question Description	सूफ़ी काव्य में निम्नलिखित में से कौनसी प्रवृत्ति देखने को नहीं मिलती -
	A	प्रबन्ध-काव्यों की रचना
	B	मसनवी शैली पर काव्य-रचना
	C	खण्डन-मण्डन की अतिशयता
	D	अवधी भाषा का प्रयोग
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

7	Question Description	किस प्रकार के कवियों को रीतिबद्ध कवि कहा जाता है -
	A	इन कवियों को काव्य का शास्त्रीय ज्ञान तो था लेकिन वे शास्त्रीय नियमों के चक्कर में नहीं पड़े।
	B	इन्होंने काव्य शास्त्रीय विधानों की तरफ कोई ध्यान नहीं दिया।
	C	इन कवियों ने संस्कृत काव्यशास्त्रों के आधार पर लक्षण ग्रंथ लिखे।
	D	इन कवियों ने स्वच्छंद प्रेम की अभिव्यंजना की है।
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

8	Question Description	हिंदी में मुक्तछंद कविता के प्रारंभ का श्रेय निम्न में से किस रचनाकार को दिया जाता है?
	A	पंत
	B	प्रसाद
	C	निराला
	D	गुप्त
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

9	Question Description	वाक्यांश के लिए एक उचित शब्द चुनें। "जो कभी ना आया हो"
	A	अनागत
	B	विगत
	C	अनाहूत
	D	नवागत
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

10	Question Description	निम्नलिखित पंक्ति में किस अलंकार का उदाहरण प्रस्तुत हुआ है? 'फूल हंसे कलियां मुसकाई'
	A	उपमा
	B	रूपक
	C	अतिशयोक्ति
	D	मानवीकरण
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

11

Question Description

हिमाद्रि तुंग शृंग से,
प्रबुद्ध शुध्द भारती
स्वयंप्रभा समुज्ज्वला
स्वतंत्रता पुकारती॥
ऊपरोल्लेखित पंक्तियों में किस निम्नलिखित रस की उदभावना है बताइए

A

शांत रस

B

शृंगार रस

C

वीर रस

D

भक्ति रस

E

उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं

Correct Answer

C

Marks

1

12	Question Description	किस आलोचक ने कबीर को 'वाणी का डिक्टेटर' कहा है -
	A	रामविलास शर्मा
	B	नामवर सिंह
	C	नंददुलारे वाजपेई
	D	हजारी प्रसाद द्विवेदी
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

13	Question Description	राम काव्य की प्रमुख प्रवृत्ति कौनसी है -
	A	लोक संस्कृति का वर्णन
	B	निर्गुण ईश्वर की आराधना
	C	रूढ़ियों एवं आडंबरों का प्रखर विरोध
	D	लोकमंगल की भावना
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

14	Question Description	निम्नलिखित शब्दों के शुद्ध रूपों को क्रमशः चुनें। स्वातंत्र, पंखवाडा, तीतलीयां,कटपुतलि
	A	स्वतंत्र्य, पकवाडा, तितलीया ,कठपूतली,
	B	स्वातंत्र्य,पखवाडा,तित्लियां कटपुतली
	C	स्वातंत्र्य,पखवडा,तितलियां,कठपुतली
	D	स्वतंत्र,पखवाडा,तितलियां, कठपुतली
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

15	Question Description	'विनय पत्रिका' निम्न में से किसकी रचना?
	A	सूर
	B	तुलसीदास
	C	रसखान
	D	मीरा
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	B
	Marks	1

16	Question Description	‘निरगुन कौन देस को बासी’ यह कथन किस रचनाकार का है?
	A	कबीर
	B	मीरा
	C	सूरदास
	D	विठठलदास
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

17	Question Description	निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में कौन सा वाक्य व्याकरणिक रूप में सही है -
	A	आलिया भट्ट विदुषी महिला है।
	B	मेरे मना करने के बावजूद भी वह दिल्ली गया।
	C	वह पुस्तक देवनागरी भाषा में लिखी है।
	D	महादेवी वर्मा छायावाद की कवि थीं।
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

18	Question Description	निम्नलिखित शब्दों के क्रमशः अन्य अर्थ के शब्द का विकल्प चुनिए।
	A	तीर, दल, मत, हार
	B	नहीं आभूषण, पंखुडी, बाण,,
	C	बाण, आभूषण, पंखुडी, नहीं,
	D	बाण, पंखुडी, नहीं, आभूषण
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

19	Question Description	निम्न में से कौन हिंदी के गजल रचनाकार नहीं हैं?
	A	अदम गोंडवी
	B	दुष्यंतकुमार
	C	कुमार विश्वास
	D	दिनकर
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

20	Question Description	नाथ साहित्य की एक महत्वपूर्ण प्रवृत्ति है -
	A	वीर और शृंगार रस का समन्वय
	B	युद्धों के सुंदर एवं सजीव वर्णन
	C	बाह्यडम्बर और परंपरागत रूढ़ियों का विरोध
	D	आश्रयदाता राजाओं की अतिशयोक्तिपूर्ण प्रशंसा
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

21	Question Description	भारतेन्दु कालीन कविता की एक प्रमुख प्रवृत्ति है -
	A	इतिवृत्तात्मकता एवं गद्यात्मकता
	B	देश भक्ति और राज भक्ति का स्वर
	C	खडीबोली काव्य भाषा में प्रतिष्ठित
	D	शृंगार का बहिष्कार
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	B
	Marks	1

22	Question Description	जैनेन्द्र कुमार मूलतः किस प्रकार के उपन्यासकार माने जाते हैं -
	A	ऐतिहासिक
	B	आंचलिक
	C	मनोवैज्ञानिक
	D	सामाजिक-यथार्थवादी
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

23	Question Description	स्वामी दयानंद सरस्वती किस संस्था के संस्थापक थे -
	A	आर्य समाज
	B	ब्रह्म समाज
	C	प्रार्थना समाज
	D	रामकृष्ण मिशन
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

24	Question Description	‘वीर गाथा काल’ नामकरण निम्न में से किस इतिहासकार द्वारा किया गया है?
	A	विश्वनाथ प्रसाद मिश्र
	B	आचार्य रामचंद्र शुक्ल
	C	डॉ. हजारीप्रसाद द्विवेदी
	D	जॉर्ज ग्रियर्सन
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	B
	Marks	1

25	Question Description	सुप्रसिद्ध आलोचक नामवर सिंह ने नई कहानी की पहली रचना किसे माना है -
	A	परिदे
	B	मलबे का मालिक
	C	पूस की रात
	D	चीफ की दावत
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

26

Question Description	हिन्दी उपन्यास विधा का आरंभ किस रचना से माना जाता है?
A	सेवासदन
B	परीक्षा गुरू
C	सद्गती
D	झूठा सच
E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
Correct Answer	B
Marks	1

27

Question Description

बिगरी बात बने नहीं ,लाख करौ किन कोय ।
---- फाटे दूध को मथे न माखन होय ॥
रिक्त स्थानपर रचनाकार का नाम क्या हो इसे बताइए।

A

कबीर

B

सूर

C

रहीम

D

रसखान

E

उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं

Correct Answer

C

Marks

1

28	Question Description	‘आसमान से गिरा खजूर पे अटका’ इस वाक्य के कारकों के सही विकल्प को चुनें।
	A	संप्रदान कारक एवं करणकारक
	B	करण एवं संप्रदानकारक
	C	अधिकरण एवं करणकारक
	D	अपादानकारक एवं अधिकरणकारक
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

29	Question Description	किस शब्द में ‘मंद’ प्रत्यय का प्रयोग हुआ है?
	A	मंदगति
	B	मांद
	C	मंदबुद्धी
	D	अक्लमंद
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

30	Question Description	किए गए उपकारों को न मानने वाले को क्या कहते हैं -
	A	कृतज्ञ
	B	कृतघ्न
	C	कर्तव्यशील
	D	किर्तव्यविमूढ़
	E	उपर्युक्त में से कोई भी नहीं
	Correct Answer	B
	Marks	1

31	Question Description	Interpersonal Intelligence is defined as having the criteria _____
	A	a sensitivity to those distinctions, acknowledged by treating each individual with their personal distinctions in mind
	B	the ability to act on the basis of self-knowledge, creating environments, guiding behavior, and making decisions based on an accurate picture of oneself.
	C	the ability to understand and interact effectively with others,
	D	All of the above
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

32	Question Description	Which one is the correct ascending order according to Dales cone of experience?
	A	Verbal symbol, Visual symbol, Still picture, Motion picture.
	B	Visual symbol, Verbal symbol, Motion picture, Still pictures.
	C	Still picture, Visual symbol, Motion picture, Verbal symbol.
	D	Motion picture, Still picture, Visual symbol, Verbal symbol.
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

33	Question Description	In terms of transfer of learning the effect of mother tongue in learning correct pronunciation of a foreign language can be termed as _____.
	A	Positive transfer
	B	Negative transfer
	C	Bilateral transfer
	D	Zero transfer.
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	B
	Marks	1

34	Question Description	Schools are social institutions because they
	A	preserve and instill in future generations, the knowledge, ideas and customs of our culture.
	B	suggest ways and means of social progress.
	C	suggest solutions to social problems.
	D	are established by the society.
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

35	Question Description	To identify individual differences of learners in a class the teacher will use _____
	A	Summative Assessment
	B	Diagnostic Assessment
	C	Formative Assessment
	D	Placement Assessment
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

36	Question Description	The highest level of hierarchy in the Cognitive Domain is _____
	A	Evaluating
	B	Applying
	C	Creating
	D	Analysing
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

37	Question Description	Communication without words is called _____
	A	Object communication
	B	Written communication
	C	Oral communication
	D	Non-verbal communication
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

38

Question Description

Which of the following teaching methods (s) is/ are contribute to the direct learning?

- A. Interactive presentation
- B. MOOCS and Heuristics
- C. Simulation and Role playing
- D. Lecture with or without use of audio-visuals.
- E. Participation in workshop and assignments.
- F. Team teaching and lecturing.

Choose the correct option from those given below:

A

D, E and F

B

B, C and E

C

D, E and F

D

A,E and F

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

B

Marks

1

39	Question Description	Article 45 under the Directive Principles of State policy in the Indian Constitution, provides for _____
	A	Rights of minorities to establish educational institutions
	B	Free and compulsory primary education
	C	Education for weaker sections of the country
	D	Giving financial assistance to less advanced states
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	B
	Marks	1

40	Question Description	As a means of communication, e-mails have features of the immediacy of ____ and _____
	A	Reading, Receiving
	B	Writing, Sending
	C	Calling, Receiving
	D	Receiving, Sending
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

Question Description

Match the following:

List I (Types of Portfolio)

List II (Characteristics)

A. Showcase portfolio

1. Contains a complete record of all work done by a student in a course or programme.

B. Working Portfolio

2. Contains multiple example of the same type of work done overtime and are used to assess progress.

C. Progress portfolio

3. Exhibit the best of student's performance.

D. All inclusive portfolio

4. Contains drafts that students and teachers reflects on process.

Codes:

	A	B	C	D
(a).	2	4	3	1
(b).	3	4	2	1
(c).	2	3	4	1
(d).	4	2	3	1

A

a

B

b

C

c

D

d

E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

42	Question Description	Education is the dynamic side of_____
	A	Psychology
	B	Sociology
	C	Philosophy
	D	Literature
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

43

Question Description	Which of the following tactics in a language class should be avoided if you want students with dyslexia to succeed?
A	Setting strict deadlines for handwritten work submission
B	Allowing voice recorders in place of taking notes in class
C	Allowing typed and printed assignments instead of handwritten
D	Providing opportunities for reading and writing at individual locations
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	A
Marks	1

44

Question Description

Which of the following activities indicate the nature of formative assessment?

1. Conducting a quiz test.
2. Conducting an aptitude test.
3. The evaluating of student in a grading system.
4. Providing feedback while teaching.
5. Motivating students for innovative thinking in the class.

Select answer from the options given below:

A

(1), (2) and (3).

B

((2), (3) and (4).

C

(1), (4) and (5).

D

(2), (3) and (5).

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

C

Marks

1

45	Question Description	The basic concept of Naturalism is to:
	A	Focus upon the creative thinking of students.
	B	See education as a preparation for the future.
	C	Develop moral values through religious experience.
	D	Study natural laws and apply them to the process of education.
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

46	Question Description	Classroom interactions are influenced largely by
	A	Student's commitment
	B	Teacher centric environment
	C	Unsolicited interventions
	D	Organizational oversight
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

47	Question Description	Children learns through:
	A	Experience, Experimentation, making and doing things.
	B	Reading, Discussion, Listening, Thinking and reflecting.
	C	Expressing oneself in speech writing.
	D	All of the above
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

48	Question Description	Assessment should be _____
	A	A. Holistic and Continuous
	B	B. Teacher centered and discontinuous
	C	C. Standardised and exam centric
	D	D. Summative and norm referenced
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

49	Question Description	The statement which is true about the role of heredity and environment in the development of a child is _____
	A	The relative contributions of peers and genes are not additive
	B	Heredity and environment do not operate together
	C	Propensity is related to environment while actual development requires heredity
	D	Both heredity and environment contribute 50% each in the development of a child.
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

50	Question Description	A severe barrier to effective communication in the usage of words is _____
	A	Disturbance
	B	Discrimination
	C	Disorder
	D	Distortion
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

51

Comprehension

Read the following passage and answer the questions given below: -

Arnold Toynbee said about Ramakrishna that 'his religious activity and experience were comprehensive to a degree that had perhaps never before been attained by any other religious genius in India or elsewhere'. You will hear only echoes of such words if you go through some recent works on Ramakrishna published in the West. What is most important in all works for the dissemination of Vedanta philosophy in its bearings on the idea of universal religion is to affirm, without any reservation, that this ideal does not touch any religion as it exists but only urges a universal approach to all religions. By universal religion, Vivekananda meant this mingling of faiths and he thought it was Vedanta, particularly Advaita Vedanta, which could bring about this mingling of spiritual tunes in a grand harmony of faiths.

Question Description

The statement, 'his religious activity and experience were comprehensive to a degree that had perhaps never before been attained by any other religious genius in India or elsewhere', implies that as a religious genius, his religious activity and experience were

A probably the first, and so far, the most comprehensive in the world

B likely to be the most comprehensive in India and elsewhere

C those which few others had attained in the past in India or elsewhere

D perhaps the best and comprehensive attainments in the world.

E None of the above

Correct Answer

A

Marks

1

Comprehension

Read the following passage and answer the questions given below: -

Arnold Toynbee said about Ramakrishna that 'his religious activity and experience were comprehensive to a degree that had perhaps never before been attained by any other religious genius in India or elsewhere'. You will hear only echoes of such words if you go through some recent works on Ramakrishna published in the West. What is most important in all works for the dissemination of Vedanta philosophy in its bearings on the idea of universal religion is to affirm, without any reservation, that this ideal does not touch any religion as it exists but only urges a universal approach to all religions. By universal religion, Vivekananda meant this mingling of faiths and he thought it was Vedanta, particularly Advaita Vedanta, which could bring about this mingling of spiritual tunes in a grand harmony of faiths.

Question Description

Identify from the following options, the most crucial thing for Vedanta philosophy, mentioned in the passage:

A

insistence on its dissemination without reservation

B

affirmation of its universal approach to religion

C

emphasis on its bearing on universal religion

D

affirmation of ideal religion as it exists

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

B

Marks

1

Comprehension

Read the following passage and answer the questions given below: -

Arnold Toynbee said about Ramakrishna that 'his religious activity and experience were comprehensive to a degree that had perhaps never before been attained by any other religious genius in India or elsewhere'. You will hear only echoes of such words if you go through some recent works on Ramakrishna published in the West. What is most important in all works for the dissemination of Vedanta philosophy in its bearings on the idea of universal religion is to affirm, without any reservation, that this ideal does not touch any religion as it exists but only urges a universal approach to all religions. By universal religion, Vivekananda meant this mingling of faiths and he thought it was Vedanta, particularly Advaita Vedanta, which could bring about this mingling of spiritual tunes in a grand harmony of faiths.

Question Description

Identify from the following options, the antonym of the word 'dissemination' as it is used in the passage:

A

dissipation

B

proclamation

C

extirpation

D

propagation

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

C

Marks

1

54

Comprehension

Read the following passage and answer the questions given below: -

Arnold Toynbee said about Ramakrishna that 'his religious activity and experience were comprehensive to a degree that had perhaps never before been attained by any other religious genius in India or elsewhere'. You will hear only echoes of such words if you go through some recent works on Ramakrishna published in the West. What is most important in all works for the dissemination of Vedanta philosophy in its bearings on the idea of universal religion is to affirm, without any reservation, that this ideal does not touch any religion as it exists but only urges a universal approach to all religions. By universal religion, Vivekananda meant this mingling of faiths and he thought it was Vedanta, particularly Advaita Vedanta, which could bring about this mingling of spiritual tunes in a grand harmony of faiths.

Question Description

Identify the word that is farthest in meaning to the word 'echo' from the options given below:

A

reflection

B

reproduction

C

reverberation

D

facsimile

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

D

Marks

1

55

Comprehension

Read the following passage and answer the questions given below: -

Arnold Toynbee said about Ramakrishna that 'his religious activity and experience were comprehensive to a degree that had perhaps never before been attained by any other religious genius in India or elsewhere'. You will hear only echoes of such words if you go through some recent works on Ramakrishna published in the West. What is most important in all works for the dissemination of Vedanta philosophy in its bearings on the idea of universal religion is to affirm, without any reservation, that this ideal does not touch any religion as it exists but only urges a universal approach to all religions. By universal religion, Vivekananda meant this mingling of faiths and he thought it was Vedanta, particularly Advaita Vedanta, which could bring about this mingling of spiritual tunes in a grand harmony of faiths.

Question Description

From the options provided below, select the one that comes closest in meaning to the phrase 'grand harmony' in the sense it is used in the passage

A

magnificent consonance of faiths

B

great concord of all religions

C

impressive accord of religions

D

awe-inspiring unison of all faiths

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

A

Marks

1

56	Question Description	When is NABARD Foundation Day celebrated?
	A	July 11
	B	July 12
	C	July 13
	D	July 14
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	B
	Marks	1

57	Question Description	Indian Navy ships INS Sahyadri and INS Kolkata conducted a bilateral maritime exercise in which city?
	A	Semarang
	B	Solo
	C	Jakarta
	D	Bandung
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

58

Question Description	Where has the Indian government approved the establishment of a new spaceport for carrying out launches of Small Satellite Launch Vehicles (SSLV) developed by ISRO?
A	Kerala
B	Andhra Pradesh
C	Karnataka
D	Tamil Nadu
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

59	Question Description	Which state does Uma Chhetri, who has been selected for the Indian women's cricket team, belong to?
	A	Goa
	B	Odisha
	C	Kerala
	D	Assam
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

60	Question Description	India's L&T has collaborated with which country's company Navantia for the development of 6 Submarines?
	A	Sudan
	B	Switzerland
	C	Sri Lanka
	D	Spain
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

61	Question Description	Which date is World Nature Conservation Day being celebrated?
	A	May 28
	B	June 28
	C	July 28
	D	August 28
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

62	Question Description	Which Indian has received the Elephant Family Environmental Award?
	A	Kartiki Gonsalves
	B	Rehmna Khan
	C	Mnapreet Kaur
	D	Robert Winster
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

63	Question Description	Which actor has been appointed as the brand ambassador of the ICC World Cup 2023?
	A	Shah Rukh Khan
	B	Salman Khan
	C	Saif Ali Khan
	D	Ajay Devgan
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

64	Question Description	India and which country have recently started bilateral trade in rupees?
	A	Russia
	B	Bangladesh
	C	Pakistan
	D	Sri Lanka
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	B
	Marks	1

65	Question Description	What is the theme of the B20 Summit India 2023?
	A	Responsible, Accelerated, Innovative, Sustainable, Equitable (R.A.I.S.E) Businesses
	B	Business Opportunities in India (B.O.I.N)
	C	Bridging the Digital Divide
	D	Global Economic Trends In Businesses (G.E.T.I.B)
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

66	Question Description	Select the related word/letters/number from the given alternatives. 225 : 12 : 435 : ?
	A	12
	B	20
	C	25
	D	19
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

67

Question Description

Find the number of triangles in the given figure.

**A**

23

B

27

C

29

D

31

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

C

Marks

1

68

Question Description

Directions: Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given beside.

8 persons from A to H are sitting around a square table such that 4 persons sit at each of the corners while the rest 4 sit at the middle of the sides. The ones sitting at the corners are facing inside while the rest are facing outside. The persons whose name starts with consecutive letters do not sit adjacent. B sits second to the right of A, who is on the immediate left of C. F sits on the immediate right of D, who sits at one of the corners. At least one person sits between C and G.

Who sits on the immediate left of G?

A

B

B

F

C

D

D

A

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

C

Marks

1

69

Question Description

Directions: An alphanumeric machine accepts letters as input and delivers output in form of numbers through different steps. Each step is obtained by applying an operation different from the previous step. Each step gives output taking input from the previous step. Below mentioned is an illustration of the same.

Input : upsurge beyond difficulties attribute their findings life shower

Step 1: 9 4 25 16 4 4 4 4

Step 2: 13 8 29 20

Step 3: 16 12

Step 4: 12

Step 4 is the last step of the output.

Find the different steps of output for the following input.

Input : small expectations large results transform normal into abnormal

What is the cube of the final output

A 64

B 216

C 125

D 27

70

E None of the above

Correct Answer A

Marks 1

Question Description

Directions: Read the given information carefully and answer the questions given beside:

Eight persons namely Aadit, Babar, Chahel, Danvir, Etash, Faisal, Gagan and Hardik were standing in different directions with respect to each other. Each of them scored different marks in the English subject among 34, 39, 43, 48, 54, 63 and 70 but not necessarily in the same order. Only two of them have equal marks.

Aadit is 12m west of Etash and his mark is 54. Only Chahel scored the highest mark and stands 15m west of the person, whose marks is 63. Babar stands 8m north of Hardik, who scored 34 marks. Hardik is 20m south-west of Etash. The mark scored by Etash and the person, who stands 15m west of Chahel is same. Gagan is 15m west of the person, whose marks is 43. The one who scored third lowest mark is 16m north of Chahel. Danvir is not to the north-west of Aadit. Etash's mark is more than 43. Babar scored more marks than Aadit. Aadit, Babar and Hardik are standing in a vertical line.

How many persons scored more marks than the one who is exactly to the east of Aadit?

A

Two

B

Three

C

Four

D

Five

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

B

Marks

1

71

Question Description

In a family of 7 persons, there are only 3 females and three married couples. Each child has both the parents alive. The family members – A, B, C, D, E, F and G spent certain amounts in a month.

B is the only son of G, who spent the third highest amount. A is not a female and spent an amount just lower than D's husband. C is the father of two children of different genders one of them is D. E's mother-in-law was the third highest spender. F is the aunt of A and spent the highest amount. The spendings of E were just lower than A's uncle, who spent the fourth highest amount. C spent Rs. 4500, which is the second highest amount to be spent.

How is the second highest spender related to the second lowest spender?

A

Father

B

Maternal grandfather

C

Paternal Uncle

D

Can't be determined

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

B

Marks

1

Question Description

Study the following questions carefully and choose the right answer

Statement: Should articles of only deserving authors be allowed to be published?

Arguments:

I, Yes, It will save a lot of paper which is in short supply.

II. No. It is not possible to draw a line between the deserving and the undeserving.

A

Only I is strong

B

Only II is strong

C

Either I or II is strong

D

Neither I nor II is strong

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

B

Marks

1

73

Question Description	What will be the difference between the third last digit and fourth digit from the left end of the number '947823165' after arranging all its digits in ascending order?
A	4
B	5
C	3
D	7
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

74

Question Description	Each vowel of the word ADJECTIVE is substituted with the next letter of the English alphabetical series, and each consonant is substituted with the letter preceding it. How many vowels are present in the new arrangement?
A	None
B	One
C	Two
D	Three
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

75

Question Description

Directions: In each question below are given some statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows/follow from the given statements, disregarding commonly known facts.

Statements : Some balls are bats.

No bat is a wicket.

Conclusions : I. Some wickets are not ball.

II. All wickets being ball is a possibility.

A

If only conclusion I follow

B

If only conclusion II follow

C

If either conclusion I or conclusion II follows

D

If neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

B

Marks

1