

Computer Based Examination System

Exported On *	2023/09/04 15:02:26
Title *	Question Paper Answer Key
OES Exam *	KONGPSC04202304 / Assistant District Educational Inspectors/ Teacher Grade -(KONKANI)/ Completed / 2023-09-03

1	Question Description	‘शाणू’, ‘व्हनी’, ‘शेवते’, ‘प्रिया’, ‘आवय’ आनी ‘बापूय’ ह्यो व्यक्तिरेखा खंयच्या पाठांतल्यो?
	A	उडूंक जाय
	B	बसूंक जाय
	C	जगूंक जाय .
	D	जेवंक जाय
	E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

2

Question Description	कोंकणी भाशेचो आर्विल्लो व्याकरणकार कोण?
A	सुरेश जयवंत बोरकार
B	डॉ. मनोहर सरदेसाय
C	डॉ. ओलिव्हिन्यू गोमिश
D	रमेश भगवंत वेळुस्कार
E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
Correct Answer	A
Marks	1

3	Question Description	पयल्या उतरांतल्या निमाणेच्या 'क्', 'च्', 'ट', 'त्' आनी 'प्' ह्या वर्ण-वर्गांतल्या वर्णा उपरान्त मुखा वयल्या उतराचो आरंभ नाखयां (अनुनासिक) वर्णान जाता जायत जाल्यार जें उतर घडटा ती कसले संधीची देख आसता?
	A	स्वर-संधी;
	B	व्यञ्जन-संधी;
	C	विसर्ग-संधी;
	D	स्वरादी-संधी
	E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
	Correct Answer	B
	Marks	1

4	Question Description	खाला दिल्ल्या कवितां संग्रहांतलो खंयचो संग्रह पांडुरंग भांगी हांचो आसा?
	A	दिस्टावो
	B	गोंया तुज्या मोगा खातीर
	C	यमन
	D	किरवंट
	E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

5

Question Description	आर्विल्ल्या कोंकणी साहित्याची बुन्याद हया बरोवप्यान घाली.
A	शणै गोंयबाब
B	ज्योकीं आंतोन फेर्नादीश
C	मनोहरराय सरदेसाय
D	रवींद्र केळेकार
E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
Correct Answer	A
Marks	1

6

Question Description	कोंकणींतलो पाय तियात्रिस्त कोण?
A	तोमाझिन्यु कार्दोज
B	जुआंव आगोशतीन फेर्नादीश
C	प्रेम कुमार
D	प्रिन्स जाकोब
E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
Correct Answer	B
Marks	1

7

Question Description

मुखार दिल्लें वाक्य कोणे कोणाक म्हळें ? – “तुका व्हड जावपाचें आसत तर गांव सोडून वचूंकच जाय. सीगल पक्षी घोंटेर सोडून नव्या प्रदेशांच्या सोदांत वतात, तशे हांगाचे मातयेचो मोह सोडून तुज्यो आशा-आकांक्षा जंय पुराय जातल्यो थंय तुवें वचूंकच जाय. आमच्यो गरजो तुज्या पायांतल्यो बेड्यो जावन तुका आडावंच्यो नात.”

A

आईन रमेशाक;

B

वासुदेवबाबान आपणाल्या पुताक;

C

पित्यान अब्दुल कलामाक;

D

काकेन भानुदासाक.

E

हातुतले एक्कुय ना

Correct Answer

C

Marks

1

8

Question Description	'रमेश', 'मामा', 'गोकूळ', 'व्हडली मामी', 'आवय' आनी 'केशवबाब' ह्यो व्यक्तिरेखा आशिल्लो पाठ कोणे बरयला?
A	तानाजी हळर्णकार;
B	यशवन्त पालेकार;
C	प्रकाश पर्येकार;
D	महाबळेश्वर सैल.
E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

9	Question Description	कोंकणी कवितेंत गांवगिरीं उतरां वापरपी कवी.
	A	पांडुरंग भागी
	B	जेस फेर्नादीश
	C	रमेश घाडी
	D	चा. फ़ा. द कोश्टा.
	E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

10	Question Description	कोंकणी साहित्यांत निबंद प्रकारांत भर घालपी हो निबंदकार
	A	रवींद्र केळेकार
	B	पांडुरंग भांगी
	C	अना म्हांबरो
	D	कृ. म. सुखठणकार
	E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

11	Question Description	कोंकणी वर्णमालेंतल्या 'अं' आनी 'अः' ह्या वर्णांक कसलें संबोधन आसा?
	A	उलयतो;
	B	मोनो;
	C	ओडटो;
	D	स्वरादी.
	E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

12	Question Description	खाला दिल्ल्या वाक्यांत अव्यय दिसता.
	A	राजीव घरा गेलो.
	B	पिटर आनी जॉन एकामेकाचे इश्ट.
	C	आज कचेरेक सुटी आसा.
	D	विमानाक उशीर जालो.
	E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
	Correct Answer	B
	Marks	1

13

Question Description	‘शिश्टाय’ ह्या नाटकुल्यांतलें मुखार दिल्लें वाक्य कोणे कोणाक उद्देशून म्हळां ? – “तुकाय म्हणून हांव नवें वेगळें कितें सांगतलों? कुरूकुलांत जल्माक आयिल्लो तूं वीर. त्या म्हान भरताचे पुरुषार्थी कुळयेचो तूं तेजवंत दिवो. तूं गुणांनी संपन्न, विद्यावंत. तुका समजिकाय आसा. देखूनच तुज्या बऱ्याचो मार्ग सांगतां – युद्धाचो हट्ट सोड.”
A	भिष्मान दुर्योधनाक;
B	श्रीकृष्णान दुर्योधनाक;
C	धृतराष्ट्रान दुर्योधनाक;
D	श्रीकृष्णान धृतराष्ट्राक.
E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
Correct Answer	B
Marks	1

14	Question Description	कोंकणींत शब्दकोश रचप्यां मदीं ह्या नांवाचो आसपाव आसा.
	A	पांडुरंग भांगी
	B	रवीन्द्र केळेकार
	C	जेस फेर्नादीश
	D	शणै गोंयबाब
	E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1
15	Question Description	कोंकणी वर्णमाळेंतल्या 'अ', 'ए', '(एं)' आनी 'ओ' ह्या स्वरांक कसलें संबोधन आसा?
	A	धाउं;
	B	तालू;
	C	मूर्धा (फोफो);
	D	कण्ठ आनी तालू.
	E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

16

Question Description

मोन्या अ स्वरान सोंपपी पुरुशलिंगी नाम भोववचनांत मोन्या अ स्वरानूच सोंपता.
खाला देखी दिल्यात तातूंत खंयचे देखीक हो नेम लागता?

A

आंबो आंबे

B

रथ रथ

C

घोडो घोडे

D

पोसो पोशे

E

हातुतले एक्कुय ना

Correct Answer

B

Marks

1

17

Question Description

“राष्ट्रपिता महात्मा गांधी खातीर
आमचीं काळजां
परतून एक फावट
सुपा परस व्हड केल्यांत” हे काव्य-चरण कोणाले?

A

स्मिता तिंबले;

B

नयना आडारकार;

C

माधवी सरदेसाय;

D

नूतन साखरदाण्डे.

E

हातुतले एकुकुय ना

Correct Answer

A

Marks

1

18	Question Description	मुखार दल्ल्या सामासक उतरांतलो 'उपमान पूर्वपद समास' वळखातः
	A	मिळाकाश;
	B	कमलनयन;
	C	नरशींव;
	D	चोरखण.
	E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
	Correct Answer	B
	Marks	1

19	Question Description	"भारतीय समाज पुरूश-प्रधान आसल्या कारणान हांगा सदां बायलांक उदकांत पळयल्यांत." हें विधान कोणे केलां?
	A	डॉ० जयन्ती नायक
	B	हेमा नायक
	C	नमन सावन्त-धावस्कार
	D	हर्षा शेटचे
	E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

20	Question Description	यशवंत पालेकारांनी बरयिल्ल्या लेखांत “कारवारची दर्यावेळ हे अनुभूतीचो साक्षात्कार दिवपी एक थळ...” अशें मत्त उगतावपी विधान येता. तें विधान कोणे केल्लें?
	A	आनन्दयात्री बाकीबाब बोरकार हांणी;
	B	नोबेल पुरस्कार प्राप्त कवी रवीन्द्रनाथ टागोर हांणी;
	C	महाराष्ट्र-भूषण पुरुषोत्तम लक्ष्मण देशपांडे हांणी;
	D	पद्मभूषण पद्माकर रामचन्द्र दुभाषी हांणी.
	E	हातुतले एकुकुय ना
	Correct Answer	B
	Marks	1
21	Question Description	प्रकाश पर्येकारांच्या मत्तान दिपकावणेक उदकांत देंवतकच कितें दिश्टी पडल्यार मुखार नुस्तें मेळचें ना, असो एक समज आसा?
	A	पिट्टोळ, दाणयो आनी तोकयो;
	B	वाळयो, काडयो आनी धाडे;
	C	बुराटे, शेतकीं आनी बेबकां;
	D	कुल्ली, वा कासव.
	E	हातुतले एकुकुय ना
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

22

Question Description	कोंकणी साहित्यांत प्रवासवर्णनां बरोवपी लेखक.
A	रवींद्र केळेकार
B	प्रकाश पर्येकार
C	अरुण साखरदांडे
D	रमेश भगवंत वेळुस्कार
E	हातुतले एकुय ना
Correct Answer	A
Marks	1

23

Question Description	“आयजच्या महाविद्यालयीन अभ्यासक्रमाची इयत्ता कालचे आठवे-णववे इयत्ते परस चड आसा व्हय?” ह्या वाक्याची जात वळखात :
A	आज्ञार्थी वाक्य;
B	उमाळी वाक्य;
C	प्रस्नार्थी वाक्य;
D	विध्यर्थी वाक्य.
E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

24

Question Description

मुखार दिल्ले पाठ आनी ते बरोवपी कवींची नांवा हांच्यो समर्पक आनी सार्थक जोडयो लायात :

1. अणभव

2. बावीस एके बावीस

3. गुरुदक्षिणा

4. गर्व

i. रामनाथ गावडे

ii. वसन्त भगवन्त सावन्त

iii. अरुण सीताराम सिंगबाळ

iv. गजानन जोग

v. चन्द्रकान्त केणी

A

1 - iv, 2 - iii, 3 - ii, 4 - i

B

1 - v, 2 - iv, 3 - ii, 4 - i

C

1 - iii, 2 - ii, 3 - iv, 4 - v

D

1 - ii, 2 - v, 3 - iii, 4 - iv

E

हातुतले एक्कुय ना

Correct Answer

B

Marks

1

25	Question Description	'तत्पुरुष', 'कर्मधारय', 'द्विगू' आनी 'द्वन्द्व' अशा क्रमान समासांचे प्रकार वळखात :
	A	वानरमारो, सप्तपदी, पेद्रू-आन्तोन, युधिष्ठीर;
	B	वानरमारो, युधिष्ठीर, सप्तपदी, पेद्रू-आन्तोन;
	C	पेद्रू-आन्तोन, सप्तपदी, युधिष्ठीर, वानरमारो;
	D	पेद्रू-आन्तोन, युधिष्ठीर, सप्तपदी, वानरमारो.
	E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
	Correct Answer	B
	Marks	1

26	Question Description	'रामावय' ह्या उतराचो संधी-प्रकार सांगात :
	A	स्वर-संधी;
	B	व्यञ्जन-संधी;
	C	विसर्ग-संधी;
	D	स्वरादी-संधी
	E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

27	Question Description	आवय-भास' म्हळ्यार कितें
	A	निखट्या पित्याली भास;
	B	निखटे आवयली भास;
	C	जे भाशेंतल्यान येवजप, उमाळे उगतावप, आंतरकिताय अणभवप जाता, ती भास;
	D	जे भाशेंतल्यान घितप, अभ्यास करप, तकलेंत म्हायती दवरप जाता, ती भास.
	E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

28	Question Description	आयज तूं येतलो देखून' हे कवितेंत कोणाली वाट कोण पळयता?
	A	घरकान्न, घोवाली;
	B	भक्त, देवाली;
	C	आवय, पुताली;
	D	जिणेक वाजेल्लो, यमराजाली.
	E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

29	Question Description	‘रडत आशिल्ल्या बाळूलो डायपर वोलो जाल्लो’, ह्या वाक्यांतलें ‘रडत आशिल्ल्या’ ह्या उतरांचो प्रकार कितें?
	A	कृदन्त;
	B	उमाळें अव्यय;
	C	सर्वनाम;
	D	सार्वनामिक विशेशण
	E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

30	Question Description	कोंकणी भाशेंतल्या व्याकरणशास्त्राचे मतीन ‘विकारी शब्द’ (उतर) म्हळ्यार –
	A	ज्या उतरांचो अर्थच स्पश्ट जायना अशीं उतरां;
	B	जीं रीणदायी (loan-words) आसतात अशीं उतरां;
	C	जीं लिंग, वचन, काळ, कारक हांगेलें अनुसरण केल्यार परिवर्तीत रूप धारण करतात, तीं उतरां;
	D	जीं लिंग, वचन, काळ, कारक हांगेलें अनुसरण करूनय परिवर्तीत जावंक पावनात, तीं उतरां.
	E	हातुतले एक्कुय ना
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

31	Question Description	Which of the following are used in the educational system as ICT-based tools for assessment.
	A	e-Pathshala and e-portfolio
	B	e-portfolios and e-rubrics
	C	eBasta and e-Pathshala
	D	eBasta and e-rubrics
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	B
	Marks	1

32	Question Description	<p>Match List- I and List- II</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">List-I (Characteristics)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">List-II (Philosophy)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(A) Learning by doing</td> <td>(i). Naturalism</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(B) Education through environment</td> <td>(ii). Pragmatism</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(C) Self-actualisation</td> <td>(iii). Humanisism</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>(iv). Idealism</td> </tr> </table> <p>Codes:</p>	List-I (Characteristics)	List-II (Philosophy)	(A) Learning by doing	(i). Naturalism	(B) Education through environment	(ii). Pragmatism	(C) Self-actualisation	(iii). Humanisism		(iv). Idealism
List-I (Characteristics)	List-II (Philosophy)											
(A) Learning by doing	(i). Naturalism											
(B) Education through environment	(ii). Pragmatism											
(C) Self-actualisation	(iii). Humanisism											
	(iv). Idealism											

A	A-(i), B-(ii), C-(iv)
B	A-(ii), B-(iii), C-(i)
C	A-(ii), B-(i), C-(iii)
D	A-(ii), B-(iii), C-(iv)
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

33	Question Description	People who have spatial intelligence have career scope as:
	A	Musicians, Singers and Music Composers
	B	Artists, Designers and Architects.
	C	Scientists, Mathematicians and Logicians.
	D	Dancers, Athletes and Surgeons.
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	B
	Marks	1

34	Question Description	The most important aspect of effective Communication is _____
	A	The senders ability is to articulate
	B	The use of persuasive techniques
	C	The receivers ability to understand the message
	D	The use of complex vocabulary
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

35

Question Description	According to Edgar Dale's Cone of Experience, better learning is achieved through ____
A	Dramatic Experience
B	Visual symbols
C	Direct purposeful experience
D	Verbal symbols
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

36

Question Description

Which of the following statement best describes the connection between philosophy and education?

Choose the correct answer from the codes given below.

- i) The objectives and goals of education have to be decided by our stand on the nature of man.
- ii) Learning requires a process of internalisation and acquisition.
- iii) Education should be life itself, rather than a preparation for living.
- iv) Education and technology, among other things, influence social transformation.

Codes**A**

i and ii

B

iii and iv

C

i and iii

D

i, and iv

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

C

Marks

1

37

Question Description	The type of grading in which grades are assigned according to cut-off levels decided before the start of the program is _____
A	Direct Grading
B	Indirect Grading
C	Absolute Grading
D	D. Relative Grading
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	C
Marks	1

38	Question Description	According to Jean Piaget's theory of Cognitive development, at which stage, children's thinking becomes scientific?
	A	Sensorimotor
	B	Pre-Operational
	C	Concrete Operational
	D	Formal Operational
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

39	Question Description	Utility and change are the basic principles of _____
	A	Naturalism
	B	Realism
	C	Idealism
	D	Pragmatism
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

40

Question Description	In the teaching -learning process the following is done first
A	Determination on of strategies
B	Task analysis Placement, Formative Diagnostic, Summative Evaluation
C	Determination of Objectives
D	Writing Objectives
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	B
Marks	1

41

Question Description

If
I. Community
II. Family
III. Peer Group
IV Formal Educational Institution
then the major socialisation agencies are _____

A

II, III and IV

B

I ,II, III and IV

C

I and III

D

I, II and III

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

A

Marks

1

42	Question Description	Attitudes, values and Interests can be reflected by which of the following domains?
	A	Cognitive Domain
	B	Evaluative Domain
	C	Affective Domain
	D	Psychomotor Domain
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

43	Question Description	Constructivist approach to teaching –learning process is being emphasized at all levels of education. Which of the following method or methods are mainly based on the approach?
	A	Lecture method
	B	Project method
	C	Discussion method
	D	All of the above.
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

44

Question Description	Communication in the class fails because:
A	The students are inattentive.
B	The teacher is monotonous in delivering the message.
C	The students have no interest in the lesson being taught.
D	There is much noise in and around the classroom.
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	B
Marks	1

45

Question Description

Assertion (A): Formative assessment tends to accelerate the process of learning.
Reason (R): As against summative evaluation. Formative assessment is highly reliable.
Choose the correct answer from the following code:

A

Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

B

Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

C

(A) is true, but (R) is false.

D

(A) is false, but (R) is true.

E

None of the above

Correct Answer**C****Marks****1**

46	Question Description	A predominantly heredity related factor is _____
	A	Attitude towards peer group
	B	Thinking pattern
	C	Color of the eyes
	D	Participation in social activities
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

47	Question Description	<p>Match the following:</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td style="vertical-align: top;">List I (Condition)</td> <td style="vertical-align: top;">List II (Characteristics)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>A. Dysphasia</td> <td>1. Difficulty in reading</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B. Dyscalculia</td> <td>2. Difficulty in fine motor skills</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C. Dyspraxia</td> <td>3. Language difficulty</td> </tr> <tr> <td>D. Dyslexia</td> <td>4. Difficulty in <u>maths</u></td> </tr> </table> <p>Codes:</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td></td> <td>A</td> <td>B</td> <td>C</td> <td>D</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(a).</td> <td>2</td> <td>4</td> <td>1</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(b).</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> <td>2</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(c).</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>1</td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(d).</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> </tr> </table>	List I (Condition)	List II (Characteristics)	A. Dysphasia	1. Difficulty in reading	B. Dyscalculia	2. Difficulty in fine motor skills	C. Dyspraxia	3. Language difficulty	D. Dyslexia	4. Difficulty in <u>maths</u>		A	B	C	D	(a).	2	4	1	3	(b).	3	4	2	1	(c).	2	3	1	4	(d).	3	4	1	2
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(b).	3	4	2	1																																	
(c).	2	3	1	4																																	
(d).	3	4	1	2																																	

A	a
B	b
C	c
D	d
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	B
Marks	1

48

Question Description

Classroom communication is

- A. Like a computer program
- B. Dictatorial
- C. Purposeful
- D. Pragmatic

Choose the correct option from those given below:

A

A and D

B

C and D

C

A and B

D

B, C and D

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

B

Marks

1

49	Question Description	The stage according to Piaget when infants think with their eyes, ears and hands is ____
	A	Concrete operational stage
	B	Preoperational stage
	C	Sensorimotor stage
	D	Formal operational stage
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

50	Question Description	Modern education strategies, including National Education Policy 2020, emphasises that students ought to learn in schools through
	A	Conditioning
	B	Passive imitation
	C	Direct instruction
	D	Discovery and exploration
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

51

Comprehension

Read the following passage and answer the questions given below: -

Curiosity properly so-called, on the other hand, is inspired by a genuine love of knowledge. You may see this impulse, in a moderately pure form, at work in a cat which has been brought to a strange room, and proceeds to smell every corner and every piece of furniture. You will also see it in children, who are passionately interested when a drawer or cupboard which is usually closed is opened for their inspection. Animals, machines, thunderstorms, and all form of manual work, arouse the curiosity of children, whose thirst for knowledge, puts the most intelligent adult to shame. This impulse grows weaker with advancing years, until at last what is unfamiliar inspires only disgust, with no desire for a closer acquaintance. This is the stage at which people announce that the country is going to the dogs, and that 'things are not what they were in my young days.' The things which were not the same as it was in that far-off time is the speaker's curiosity. And with the death of curiosity we may reckon that active intelligence, also has died.

Question Description

The immediate outcome of advancing age vis-à-vis curiosity as stated in the passage is the following:

A

the unfamiliar inspires disgust

B

there is lack of desire to know the unfamiliar

C

the thirst for knowledge becomes weaker

D

death of curiosity occurs

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

C

Marks

1

Comprehension

Read the following passage and answer the questions given below: -

Curiosity properly so-called, on the other hand, is inspired by a genuine love of knowledge. You may see this impulse, in a moderately pure form, at work in a cat which has been brought to a strange room, and proceeds to smell every corner and every piece of furniture. You will also see it in children, who are passionately interested when a drawer or cupboard which is usually closed is opened for their inspection. Animals, machines, thunderstorms, and all form of manual work, arouse the curiosity of children, whose thirst for knowledge, puts the most intelligent adult to shame. This impulse grows weaker with advancing years, until at last what is unfamiliar inspires only disgust, with no desire for a closer acquaintance. This is the stage at which people announce that the country is going to the dogs, and that 'things are not what they were in my young days.' The things which were not the same as it was in that far-off time is the speaker's curiosity. And with the death of curiosity we may reckon that active intelligence, also has died.

Question Description

Read the following statements and place them in correct sequence, based on the implication of the passage:

- (i) At this stage people announce that the country is going to the dogs
- (ii) With the death of curiosity, active intellect is dented.
- (iii) The thing which is no longer the same is the individual's curiosity
- (iv) This impulse grows weaker with advancing years

A

(iv); (iii); (i); (ii)

B

(iv); (iii); (ii); (i)

C

(i); (iii); (iv); (ii)

D

(iv); (ii); (iii); (i)

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

A

Marks

1

53

Comprehension

Read the following passage and answer the questions given below: -

Curiosity properly so-called, on the other hand, is inspired by a genuine love of knowledge. You may see this impulse, in a moderately pure form, at work in a cat which has been brought to a strange room, and proceeds to smell every corner and every piece of furniture. You will also see it in children, who are passionately interested when a drawer or cupboard which is usually closed is opened for their inspection. Animals, machines, thunderstorms, and all form of manual work, arouse the curiosity of children, whose thirst for knowledge, puts the most intelligent adult to shame. This impulse grows weaker with advancing years, until at last what is unfamiliar inspires only disgust, with no desire for a closer acquaintance. This is the stage at which people announce that the country is going to the dogs, and that 'things are not what they were in my young days.' The things which were not the same as it was in that far-off time is the speaker's curiosity. And with the death of curiosity we may reckon that active intelligence, also has died.

Question Description

The phrase 'this impulse' in the passage refers to

A

genuine thirst of knowledge

B

curiosity

C

active intelligence

D

passionate interest

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

B

Marks

1

54

Comprehension

Read the following passage and answer the questions given below: -

Curiosity properly so-called, on the other hand, is inspired by a genuine love of knowledge. You may see this impulse, in a moderately pure form, at work in a cat which has been brought to a strange room, and proceeds to smell every corner and every piece of furniture. You will also see it in children, who are passionately interested when a drawer or cupboard which is usually closed is opened for their inspection. Animals, machines, thunderstorms, and all form of manual work, arouse the curiosity of children, whose thirst for knowledge, puts the most intelligent adult to shame. This impulse grows weaker with advancing years, until at last what is unfamiliar inspires only disgust, with no desire for a closer acquaintance. This is the stage at which people announce that the country is going to the dogs, and that 'things are not what they were in my young days.' The things which are not the same as it was in that far-off time is the speaker's curiosity. And with the death of curiosity we may reckon that active intelligence, also has died.

Question Description

Identify the figure of speech in the following statement: "the country is going to the dogs"

A

personification

B

simile

C

euphemism

D

antithesis

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

C

Marks

1

Comprehension

Read the following passage and answer the questions given below: -

Curiosity properly so-called, on the other hand, is inspired by a genuine love of knowledge. You may see this impulse, in a moderately pure form, at work in cat which has been brought to a strange room, and proceeds to smell every corner and every piece of furniture. You will also see it in children, who are passionately interested when a drawer or cupboard which is usually closed is opened for their inspection. Animals, machines, thunderstorms, and all form of manual work, arouse the curiosity of children, whose thirst for knowledge, puts the most intelligent adult to shame. This impulse grows weaker with advancing years, until at last what is unfamiliar inspires only disgust, with no desire for a closer acquaintance. This is the stage at which people announce that the country is going to the dogs, and that 'things are not what they were in my young days.' The things which not the same as it was in that far-off time is the speaker's curiosity. And with the death of curiosity we may reckon that active intelligence, also has died.

Question Description

The passage seems to make use of analogy to make its point. Select from the options given below the pair of subjects that aptly illustrates the use of analogy.

A

curiosity and knowledge

B

children and adults

C

cat and children

D

old age and view of past

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

C

Marks

1

56	Question Description	Which country won the 2023 FIFA Women's World Cup?
	A	Spain
	B	England
	C	Germany
	D	Sweden
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

57	Question Description	Operation 'Broader Sword' to combat illegal trade is a joint operation between which two countries?
	A	India and USA
	B	Mexico and USA
	C	India and Nepal
	D	USA and Ukraine
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

58

Question Description	Which state government has doubled the insurance cover under the Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana (PMJAY)?
A	Gujarat
B	Andhra Pradesh
C	Bihar
D	Meghalaya
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	A
Marks	1

59	Question Description	In which city was India's first Vedic-themed park unveiled?
	A	Faizabad
	B	Jhansi
	C	Noida
	D	Pune
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

60	Question Description	Which two countries are hosting the FIFA Women's Football World Cup - 2023?
	A	Kenya and Australia
	B	India and Australia
	C	Sri Lanka and New Zealand
	D	Australia and New Zealand
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	D
	Marks	1

61	Question Description	Where was the world-famous Shravani Mela inaugurated?
	A	Deoghar
	B	Mumbai
	C	Hyderabad
	D	Haridwar
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

62	Question Description	When is World Elephant Day observed?
	A	August 12
	B	September 5
	C	August 13
	D	October 20
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

63

Question Description	Who is the chairperson of the 19-member National Syllabus and Teaching Learning Material Committee (NSTC) established by NCERT to revise textbooks for classes 3 to 12?
A	Sudha Murthy
B	Sanjeev Sanyal
C	Shankar Mahadevan
D	MC Pant
E	None of the above
Correct Answer	D
Marks	1

64	Question Description	India has banned the export of which cereal?
	A	Moong Dal
	B	Pearl Millet
	C	Non-Basmati white rice
	D	Wheat
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	C
	Marks	1

65	Question Description	On which date is World Paper Bag Day celebrated?
	A	July 12
	B	June 12
	C	May 12
	D	April 12
	E	None of the above
	Correct Answer	A
	Marks	1

66

Question Description

Select the correct combination of mathematical signs to replace * signs and to balance the following equation:

$$8 * 8 * 1 * 7 = 8$$

A $\times \div +$ B $+ \times \div$ C $\div \times +$ D $+ \times \div$

A

A

B

B

C

C

D

D

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

C

Marks

1

67

Question Description

In a class, there are 36 very tall boys. If these constitute three-fourths of the boys and the total number of boys is two-thirds of the total number of students in the class, what is the total number of girls in the class?

A

36

B

72

C

24

D

48

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

C

Marks

1

68

Question Description

Select the missing from the given alternatives:

7	4	3	?	31
8	3	5	4	52
9	3.5	2	4	?

A

2 and 51

B

4 and 40

C

2.5 and 24

D

2.5 and 32

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

D

Marks

1

69

Question Description

Directions: When a word and number arrangement machine is given an input line of words and numbers, it rearranges them following a particular logic at each step. Below given is an illustration of the same.

Input: grief 37 myth 84 rubbish 53 constant 45 persistence 26

Step I: persistence 26 grief 37 myth 84 rubbish 53 constant 45

Step II: constant 37 persistence 26 grief myth 84 rubbish 53 45

Step III: rubbish 45 constant 37 persistence 26 grief myth 84 53

Step IV: myth 53 rubbish 45 constant 37 persistence 26 grief 84

Step V: grief 84 myth 53 rubbish 45 constant 37 persistence 26

Step V is the last step of the arrangement.

On the basis of above illustration find the various steps of arrangement for the input given below.

Input: label 51 rhythm 22 sabotage 82 complete 91 sufficiency 16

What is the position of 'sabotage' with respect to '91' in step V?

A

Second to the left

B

Immediate right

C

Second to the right

D

Third to the left

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

B

Marks

1

Question Description

Directions: These questions are based on the following information, read the comprehension carefully to answer the given questions.

Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H live on eight different floors from bottom to top such as ground floor is numbered as 1 and top floor is numbered as 8.

C lives on an even numbered floor. Only three people live between C and D. Only five persons live between H and E, and both live on odd numbered floors and H lives above C. Both F and G live above A. F lives somewhere above G. H lives above B. Three persons live between A and B, who lives on an even numbered floor.

Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Find the one which does not belong to that group?

A

D

B

A

C

C

D

F

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

D

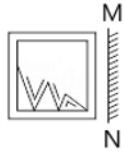
Marks

1

71

Question Description

Select the mirror image of the following figure from the options provided below:



A



B



C



D



A

A

B

B

C

C

D

D

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

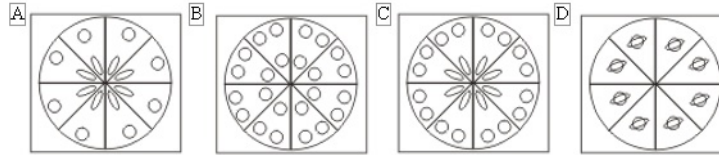
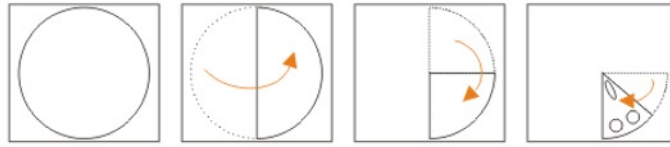
D

Marks

1

Question Description

In the question, a piece of paper is folded and cut as shown below in the questions figures. From the given option figures, which one indicates how it will appear when opened.



A

A

B

B

C

C

D

D

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

C

Marks

1

73

Question Description

Find the missing number

3 14 33 60 ?

A

99

B

90

C

100

D

95

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

D

Marks

1

74

Question Description

Directions: Read the paragraph carefully and answer the question given below.

There are reportedly about 70,000 public libraries in India, many already or nearly defunct. The Centre and State governments must share the blame for this plight. It has been some time since a Union or State budget set aside a meaningful amount for improving library infrastructure. The onus falls squarely on the Government to make sure its people, especially students and the poor, have enough avenues to sit together, read and learn.

Which of the following statements strengthen the argument for the government being responsible for investing in public libraries?

I. Libraries help build an enlightened citizenry.

II. Private parties may not be interested in investing given the non-profit nature of libraries.

III. The government has limited budget capacity and most of this is utilized in important education related schemes which have a wider reach amongst the vulnerable sections.

A

Only II

B

Only III

C

Only I and II

D

Only I and III

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

C

Marks

1

75

Question Description

Directions : In question, some statements are given, followed by two conclusions I and II. You have to consider the statements to be true, even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. You have to decide which of the given conclusions, if any, follow from the given statements. Indicate your answer.

Statements :

Only a few teachers are doctors.

0% teachers are lawyers.

Conclusions :

I. All lawyers are teachers.

II. Some doctors are not lawyers.

A

If only conclusion I follow

B

If only conclusion II follow

C

If neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows

D

If both the conclusions follow

E

None of the above

Correct Answer

B

Marks

1